IN THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows.

1. (Currently Amended) For use in an operational circuit having a high

impedance node, a test circuit capable of connecting said high-impedance node to an external

test point when a test signal driving said test circuit is enabled, said test circuit comprising:

a first transmission gate switch for coupling said high impedance node to a first internal

node of said test circuit when said test signal is enabled, said first transmission gate switch

comprising a first N-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said high impedance node, a

gate coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is enabled, and a source coupled to said first

internal node;

a second transmission gate switch capable of coupling said first internal node to a second

internal node of said test circuit when said test signal is enabled;

a third transmission gate switch capable of coupling said second internal node to said

external test point when said test signal is enabled; and

a biasing circuit for pulling said second internal node to ground and for generating a

negative Vgs bias on said first N-channel transistor when said test signal is disabled to thereby

reduce leakage current in said first N-channel transistor.

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- 2. (Original) The test circuit as set forth in Claim 1 wherein said first transmission gate switch comprises a first P-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said high impedance node, a gate coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is enabled, and a source coupled to said first internal node.
- 3. (Original) The test circuit as set forth in Claim 2 wherein said biasing circuit generates a positive Vgs bias on said first P-channel transistor when said test signal is disabled to thereby reduce leakage current in said first P-channel transistor.

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(Currently Amended) For use in an operational circuit having a high 4.

test point when a test signal driving said test circuit is enabled, said test circuit comprising: The

impedance node, a test circuit capable of connecting said high-impedance node to an external

test circuit as set forth in Claim 3

a first transmission gate switch for coupling said high impedance node to a first internal

node of said test circuit when said test signal is enabled, said first transmission gate switch

comprising:

a first N-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said high impedance node, a

gate coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is enabled, and a source coupled to said first

internal node; and

a first P-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said high impedance node, a

gate coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is enabled, and a source coupled to said first

internal node;

a second transmission gate switch capable of coupling said first internal node to a second

internal node of said test circuit when said test signal is enabled;

a third transmission gate switch capable of coupling said second internal node to said

external test point when said test signal is enabled; and

a biasing circuit for:

generating a negative Vgs bias on said first N-channel transistor when said test

signal is disabled to thereby reduce leakage current in said first N-channel transistor; and

generating a positive Vgs bias on said first P-channel transistor when said test

signal is disabled to thereby reduce leakage current in said first P-channel transistor;

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wherein said biasing circuit comprises a first impedance circuit coupled between said first

internal node and a VDD power supply rail and a second impedance circuit coupled between said

first internal node and a ground rail, wherein said first and second impedance circuits form a

voltage divider circuit that bias [[es]] said first internal node to a target bias voltage when said

test signal is disabled.

5. (Original) The test circuit as set forth in Claim 4 wherein said gate of said

first N-channel transistor is coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is disabled and said

biasing circuit biases said target bias voltage on said first internal node coupled to said source of

said first N-channel transistor to a voltage greater than Logic 0 to thereby generate said negative

Vgs bias on said first N-channel transistor.

6. (Original) The test circuit as set forth in Claim 5 wherein said gate of said

first P-channel transistor is coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is disabled and said biasing

circuit biases said target bias voltage on said first internal node coupled to said source of said

first P-channel transistor to a voltage less than Logic 1 to thereby generate said positive Vgs bias

on said first P-channel transistor.

7. (Original) The test circuit as set forth in Claim 6 wherein said second

transmission gate switch comprises a second N-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said

first internal node, a gate coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is enabled, and a source

coupled to said second internal node.

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8. (Original) The test circuit as set forth in Claim 7 wherein said second

transmission gate switch comprises a second P-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said

first internal node, a gate coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is enabled, and a source

coupled to said second internal node.

9. (Original) The test circuit as set forth in Claim 8 wherein said third

transmission gate switch comprises a third N-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said

second internal node, a gate coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is enabled, and a source

coupled to said external test point.

10. (Original) The test circuit as set forth in Claim 9 wherein said third

transmission gate switch comprises a third P-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said

second internal node, a gate coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is enabled, and a source

coupled to said external test point.

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11. (Currently Amended) A signal generator comprising a phase-locked loop (PLL) circuit capable of generating an output reference signal having a desired frequency, said

PLL circuit comprising:

a voltage-controlled oscillator;

a charge pump and loop filter circuit for generating a control voltage capable of

controlling said voltage controlled oscillator; and

a test circuit capable of connecting a high-impedance node of said PLL circuit to an

external test point when a test signal driving said test circuit is enabled, said test circuit

comprising:

a first transmission gate switch for coupling said high impedance node to a first

internal node of said test circuit when said test signal is enabled, said first transmission

gate switch comprising a first N-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said high

impedance node, a gate coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is enabled, and a

source coupled to said first internal node;

a second transmission gate switch capable of coupling said first internal node to a

second internal node of said test circuit when said test signal is enabled;

a third transmission gate switch capable of coupling said second internal node to

said external test point when said test signal is enabled; and

a biasing circuit for pulling said second internal node to ground and for generating

a negative Vgs bias on said first N-channel transistor when said test signal is disabled to

thereby reduce leakage current in said first N-channel transistor.

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12. (Original) The signal generator as set forth in Claim 11 wherein said first

transmission gate switch comprises a first P-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said

high impedance node, a gate coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is enabled, and a source

coupled to said first internal node.

13. (Original) The signal generator as set forth in Claim 12 wherein said biasing

circuit generates a positive Vgs bias on said first P-channel transistor when said test signal is

disabled to thereby reduce leakage current in said first P-channel transistor.

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14. (Currently Amended) A signal generator comprising a phase-locked loop

(PLL) circuit capable of generating an output reference signal having a desired frequency, said

PLL circuit comprising: The signal generator as set forth in Claim 13

a voltage-controlled oscillator;

a charge pump and loop filter circuit for generating a control voltage capable of controlling said voltage controlled oscillator; and

a test circuit capable of connecting a high-impedance node of said PLL circuit to an external test point when a test signal driving said test circuit is enabled, said test circuit comprising:

a first transmission gate switch for coupling said high impedance node to a first internal node of said test circuit when said test signal is enabled, said first transmission gate switch comprising:

a first N-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said high impedance node, a gate coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is enabled, and a source coupled to said first internal node; and

a first P-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said high impedance node, a gate coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is enabled, and a source coupled to said first internal node;

a second transmission gate switch capable of coupling said first internal node to a second internal node of said test circuit when said test signal is enabled;

a third transmission gate switch capable of coupling said second internal node to said external test point when said test signal is enabled; and

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a biasing circuit for:

generating a negative Vgs bias on said first N-channel transistor when said

test signal is disabled to thereby reduce leakage current in said first N-channel

transistor; and

generating a positive Vgs bias on said first P-channel transistor when said

test signal is disabled to thereby reduce leakage current in said first P-channel

transistor;

wherein said biasing circuit comprises a first impedance circuit coupled between said first

internal node and a VDD power supply rail and a second impedance circuit coupled between said

first internal node and a ground rail, wherein said first and second impedance circuits form-a

voltage divider circuit that bias [[es]] said first internal node to a target bias voltage when said

test signal is disabled.

15. (Original) The signal generator as set forth in Claim 14 wherein said gate of

said first N-channel transistor is coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is disabled and said

biasing circuit biases said target bias voltage on said first internal node coupled to said source of

said first N-channel transistor to a voltage greater than Logic 0 to thereby generate said negative

Vgs bias on said first N-channel transistor.

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16. (Original) The signal generator as set forth in Claim 15 wherein said gate of

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said first P-channel transistor is coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is disabled and said

biasing circuit biases said target bias voltage on said first internal node coupled to said source of

said first P-channel transistor to a voltage less than Logic 1 to thereby generate said positive Vgs

bias on said first P-channel transistor.

17. (Original) The signal generator as set forth in Claim 16 wherein said second

transmission gate switch comprises a second N-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said

first internal node, a gate coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is enabled, and a source

coupled to said second internal node.

18. (Original) The signal generator as set forth in Claim 17 wherein said second

transmission gate switch comprises a second P-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said

first internal node, a gate coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is enabled, and a source

coupled to said second internal node.

19. (Original) The signal generator as set forth in Claim 18 wherein said third

transmission gate switch comprises a third N-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said

second internal node, a gate coupled to a Logic 1 when said test signal is enabled, and a source

coupled to said external test point.

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20. (Original) The signal generator as set forth in Claim 19 wherein said third transmission gate switch comprises a third P-channel transistor having a drain coupled to said second internal node, a gate coupled to a Logic 0 when said test signal is enabled, and a source coupled to said external test point.

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